

Talent plus knowledge plus EFFORT account for success.

Gertrude Samuels

Introduction





Introduction

Using treatments such as scaling & root planing, maintenance therapy, and antimicrobial therapy, our goal is to control the pathogenic microflora to prevent further periodontal destruction.

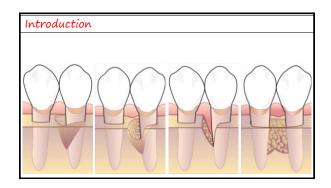
Richard T. Kao



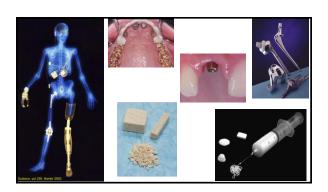
Introduction

Despite successful disease management, however, anatomic changes resulting from past disease activity often occur and must be corrected. Left untreated, these defects can provide a potential harbor for the reestablishement of pathogenic microflora.

Richard T. Kao







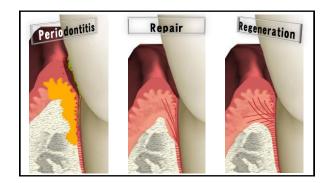
Definitions

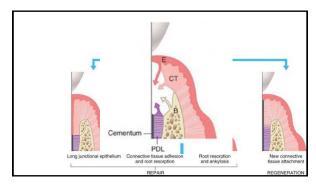
Regeneration:

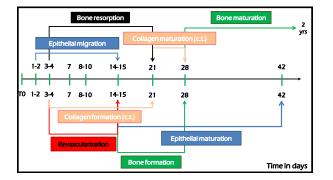
Reproduction or reconstruction of a lost or injured part. Periodontal regeneration implies formation of new cementum with inserting collagen fibers & bone.

Repair:

Healing that does not completely restore the architecture or function of the lost or injured part. Periodontal repair may include formation of a long junctional epithelium, connective tissue attachment, or ankylosis.





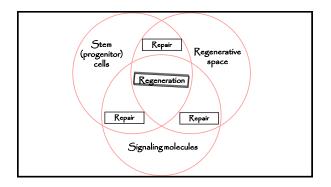


Root conditioning procedures

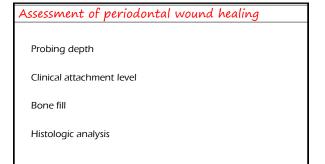
Bone grafts and bone substitutes

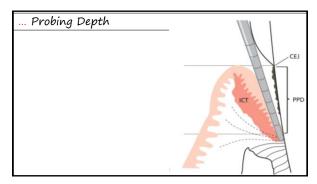
Guided tissue regeneration

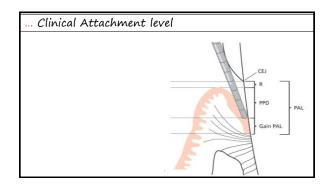
Biologic & biomimicry mediators

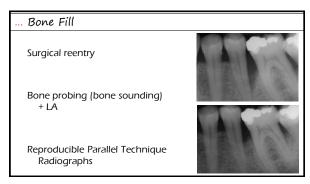


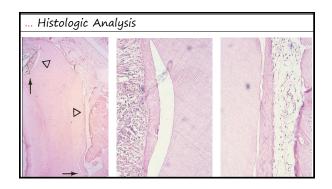
Assessment of Periodontal wound healing





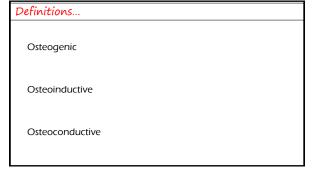


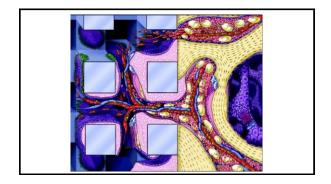




Bone Grafting Materials

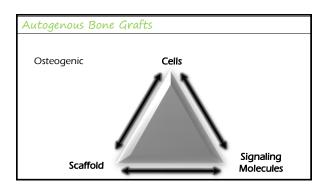


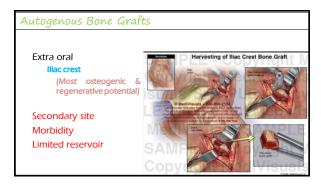




Bone Grafting Materials...

Autogenous Bone Grafts

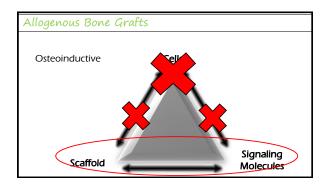




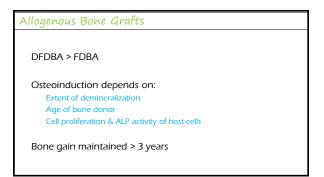


Autogenous Bone Grafts Bone fill of 3-4 mm Iliac crest grafts have ability to regenerate periodontium horizontally or with "zero wall" defects

Bone Grafting Materials... Allogenous Bone Grafts







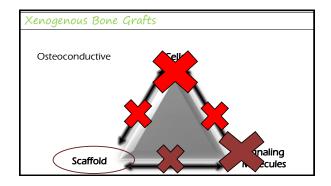
Allogenous Bone Grafts

Bone fill of 3-4 mm

Have the ability to regenerate periodontium <u>horizontally</u> or with "<u>zero wall</u>" defects

Bone Grafting Materials...

Xenogenous Bone Grafts





Bone Grafting Materials...

Alloplastic Materials

Alloplastic Materials

Ceramics

Hydroxyapatite (HA) Tri-calcium phosphate (TCP)

Biocompatible composite polymers

Bioactive glass ceramics

Alloplastic Materials... Ceramics



Hydroxyapatite

Physical & chemical properties (rate of resorption)
Density (compressive strength)
Porosity (vascular ingrowth)
Size of particles (large are nonresorbable)

Dense HA doesn't induce new bone formation (fibrous encapsulation + long junctional epithelium)

Rate of resorption is dependent on porosity & particle size

Alloplastic Materials... Ceramics

βТСР

porosity
Size of particles





β TCP doesn't induce new bone formation (fibrous encapsulation + long junctional epithelium)

Rate of resorption is dependent on porosity & particle size

Alloplastic Materials... Biocompatible Composite Polymer

Calcium hydroxide coating of a polymer

No new attachment (histology) Similar results to autogenous bone (clinically)



Alloplastic Materials... Calcium Carbonates

Processed natural coral skeletons

Osteoconductive

Resorbable



Alloplastic Materials... Bioactive Glass Ceramics

 $CaO + Na_2O + SiO_2 + P_2O_5$

Ionic dissolution of ceramic particles

Silica gel layer

Calcium phopshate layer converted to hydroxycarbonate layer









Thank You...